

App. F. IX-4

1932.

File No. 33 - 32

Previous References

(Law.)

Serial Nos. / - 5.

Later References

Law Dep 89-34



PRESERVED

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos. *Five*

Part B for Nov^r 33

SUBJECT.

Re. forfeiture of m^t bonds executed by the function
of one Bhaskara Sastri & the question of payment
of the amount to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

5)

2

Dr. D. M. Blane

No. P 2212. 14.11.33

Informing that the Presy. Mag's: Bombay has no right
to claim the money or order to be forfeited, and it has
after recovery to be credited to our fund.

Dr. Abdul Aziz
22.11.33

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Law)

NOTES.

File No. 33-32

FILE HEADING.

Indictment of the lands expropriated by the Surtis
of the Bhaskar Surtis

FROM

The District Magistrate B. Lore

No. J1-190/3233 Dated 5th Sept 1932 Received 9.9.32

Diary No. 1504 }	Enclos.	Spare copies	Serial No. 1
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BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER

Surtis that one Bhaskar Surtis, accused under Sec 420 & c. was
arrested at the instance of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay and
released on furnishing bail for Rs. 6000 and 2 Surtis for Rs. 3000 each
before the City Magistrate and the consequence to the failure of the accused to appear
before the P. Magistrate, instructions were received to arrest the land and to send the same

NOTES AND ORDERS.

to the Bombay Court, and requesting to inform whether the
accused has the same to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay
as the Surtis have bound themselves to the City Magistrate.

1) It is not known whether the accused is a
subject of Mysore. The former office City Magistrate letter
is said that the Superintendent of Police has reported that
Bhaskar Surtis is living at Coimbatore. As the accused
is not tried for any offence before the City Magistrate

NOTES—First Sheet

1504

File No.

of 193 .

General and Revenue
Secretariat

B'low, it is a point for Consideration how
for the money cannot be paid.
subd for order.

150
10/5.

Received from
MP 14.9.32
10.30 AM

This is an interesting case involving a ---
a question of great importance.

One Bhaskarasastri was arrested in July 1930
in Bangalore City at the instance of the Chief
Presidency Magistrate of Bombay for an offence
under Section 420 I.P.C. (cheating etc.,). He
was brought before the City Magistrate and was
released on furnishing bail for Rs.6,000/- with
2 sureties for Rs.3,000/- each. It appears that
this release on bail was as per instructions of
the Chief Presidency Magistrate given in a telegram
of 8th July, 1930. The bail bonds were sent to the
Bombay Magistrate as requested by him in February
1931. The bonds were, it seems ~~to be~~, for appear-
ance in the Bombay Court. Since Bhaskarasastri
did not so appear, the Chief Presidency Magistrate
asked the City Magistrate here to forfeit the bonds
and to send the realisations thereof to him. The
City Magistrate passed an order of forfeiture,
but solicited orders of the District Magistrate

General and Revenue
Secretariat

File No.

of 193 .

Serial
No.

Magistrate regarding the disposal of the money.

4) The party ~~is~~, the surety, also filed an appeal under Section 515 ~~C.P.~~ ^{Cr.P.} Code to the District Magistrate, who passed orders on 17-8-1932 setting aside the forfeiture order and directing further enquiry and disposal according to law. The matter is still subjudice before the City Magistrate.

5) But in the meanwhile, the District Magistrate has made a reference to Government (P.U.D.) seeking instructions as to whether in this case when the sureties have bound themselves to the Mysore Govt. the money if realised can be sent over to Bombay as asked for by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

6) It is a little bit difficult to give any opinion on the point, in the absence of the Bail bonds and the records relating to the case. The case itself is still subjudice and the District Magistrate ought to have made the reference after its disposal by the City Magistrate.

7) It is not clear, in the first instance, whether the arrest was made under Section 54 Clause seventhly ~~xx~~ of the ~~C.P.~~ ^{Cr.P.} Code or whether it was in pursuance of a warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under the Chief Commissioner's notification of 1878. The latter appears to be more probable

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

probable. In any case the action of the City Magistrate in releasing the accused on bail, can legally be supported only under the provisions of Section 496 of the Mysore ^{Cr. P.} ~~G.P.~~ Code. In the absence of provisions similar to sections 4, 8 and 10 of the Indian Extradition Act, it must be held that Sec. 496 enables a Magistrate to allow bail even in cases of the arrest of ~~for~~ fugitive offenders. As held in 20 Bombay Law Reporter 1009, the British Indian Magistrate cannot act under Sec. 496 of ~~the~~ ^{the} Cr. P. Code in such cases because the general provisions of the Code have been in this respect superceded by the special provisions of the Indian Extradition Act. In Mysore, there being no similar special provision, the general provision of Sec. 496 of the Cr. P. Code must apply in such cases.

6) The bonds taken, though they might have been taken at the instance of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, are therefore bonds taken under our ^{Cr. P.} ~~G.P.~~ Code and consequently the forfeiture must accrue to the benefit of the Government of Mysore and not ^{to} any other Government.

7) There is however another legal difficulty in the case and it is not clear how it is sought to be got over. Under Section 514 ~~G.P.~~ ^{Cr. P.} Code, in the case of a bond for appearance before

Forfeiture of the bonds caused by the success of
1504
Bharat Singh
5

App. F. III-2]

General and Revenue
Secretariat

File No.

of 193

Serial
No.

before a court, the tribunal that has jurisdiction to determine^{ne} forfeiture is the court before which the appearance is to be made and no other (vide *Sohoni* 1069 and 16 Bom. L.R. 84). In this case, therefore, if the bonds were for appearance in the Bombay Court, it is only that Court that has jurisdiction to forfeit the bonds and not the City Magistrate. But even then there is nothing, either in the ~~xxx~~ British Indian Criminal Procedure Code or in the Chief Commissioner's Notification of 1878, to enable the Bombay ~~xxx~~ Court to direct forfeiture to the Bombay Govt. when the bond expressly enables it to be done only to the Government of His Highness the -- Maharaja of Mysore. Any way, Mysore Courts can only enforce the bond as it is and therefore the money can be credited only to this Government

Chief Secretary)

24.9.32

(10) The City Magistrate may be asked to send the records for reference after the disposal of the case by the City Magistrate. He may be referred that as far as can be judged from the facts reported, the money can be credited only to

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

File No.

of 198

General and Revenue
Secretariat

The Mysore Govt and need not be sent to
the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

After issue of a letter on these
lines, the papers may be sent to C. A.
for his opinion

recd

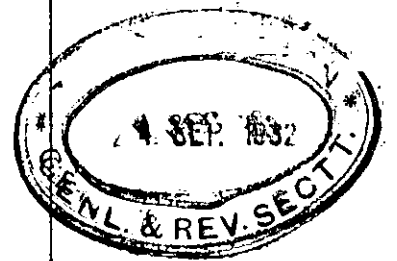
23/9/32

C. A.

Df. Sub. accordingly

150
24/9/32

13) Issue & submit
MMP
21/9



The Dist. Magistrate, Bangalore
no. P. 1819, dated 26.10.32 calling for
the connected records after the disposal of the
case by the City Magistrate and informing that
the money can be credited only to the City
Fund and need not be sent to the Ch. Pr. D.
Magistrate.

14) Forwarded with Compliments to the
Govt. Advocate for favour of opinion

M. Perakao
For General Secretary.
150
24/9.

L.B. No. P. 112731
D. 26.9.32
J. No. 341/32-33
D. 28.9.32

Returned with compliments.

The records of the case seem to be necessary and particularly a copy of the surety bond which is sought to be now enforced by the Magistrate. The file may kindly be returned to me with the above papers.

Government Advocate.
8th Nov. 1932.

H.

for the In this office letter dated 26th Sept 1932, the Dist. Mag^{te} was requested to send the records after the disposal of the Case by the City Magistrate. It is for order. Since the records required may be called for at this stage. Dft however is put up for consideration.

u. me

6. 12/21/21

10

He D. M. Stone

no. 8-2761 id 16-11-32 calling for the needs
and a copy of the survey bond.

17) D^o R² D^o and for Seal^d for James of Signature
 18/6/2016

Issue

29-16-33

Issued no. P. 6677. d 22.6.33

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

New File No.

33

of 193 2

General and Revenue
Secretariat

From The D. M. B-lone

4

No. 190/32-33 & 25-9-33

forwards the records relating to the case against the Sureties on the file of the City Magistrate, B-lone adds that orders have been passed directing the 1st Surety to pay Rs 200/- & the 2nd Surety, Rs 500/- submitted for orders with reference to paras 2 to 15 of the notes supra.

n)

The
27/10/33

a) The Surety bond (Flag A) is clear in that the forfeiture of the amount is made explicitly and leaves no room to doubt as to in whose favour the forfeiture is to take place. It explicitly mentions this to be only in favour of the Govt of Mysore. As stated in paras supra this cannot be otherwise under the law.

b) The City Magistrate has passed final orders and there is now no necessity to issue any further instructions in the matter to the District as regards the disposal of the amount forfeited.

c) The papers will be filed after perusal.

- G. S. S. S.

1804
4/10/33

d) Please speak to the S/O

GENERAL SECRETARY
5 OCT. 1933
No.

172 9

General and Revenue
Secretariat

File No.

of 193

[App. F. III-2

Serial
No.

u) Please put up a draft letter to the D.C. returning the records and further stating that since the sureties have under the bond bound themselves to forfeit the money only if ^{not} of Mysore, and the city Magistrate has passed orders accordingly, the question of sending the money to the Court at Bombay does not arise.

1804
17/10/33

25) D.C. sub? accordingly
152/10

26) for approval
Gen Secy)

1804
17.10.33

27) May be approved

4.11.33

1804
17-10

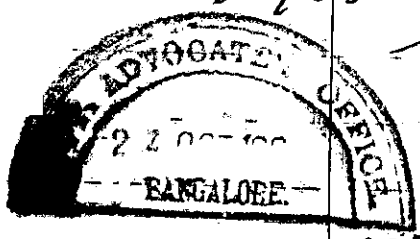
28) The Govt Advocate may also see the papers vide (para 15) & express his opinion

1804
19/10

O. No. P 145 of 32
dated 23/10/33

29) Forwarded with compliments to the Govt Advocate for favour of opinion.

1802
21/10
1804
23/10



1804
23/10/33

NOTE—Contn. Sheet 0

1724

Law File No.

33

of 1932

General and Revenue
Secretariat

Returned with compliments.

20) The bonds in question have been executed in favour of the Government of Mysore and they have been directed to be forfeited by the Bangalore City Magistrate. The Presidency Magistrate himself says in his letter dated the 10th April 1931 that "this Court cannot take any action to forfeit the bail bonds as the sureties have bound themselves to forfeit the amount to the Mysore Government". The City Magistrate has exercised his discretion in the matter and has directed the payment of Rs.700/- only from the two sureties though their bonds were for Rs.3,000/- each. I do not think the Presidency Magistrate of Bombay has any right to claim this amount and our Government is not bound to send it to the Bombay Court.

H.

M. A. J. S. S. S.
Government Advocate.
8th 8-11-1933.

31) The dft put up has been slightly revised. Please get it typed for submission

me
9/11

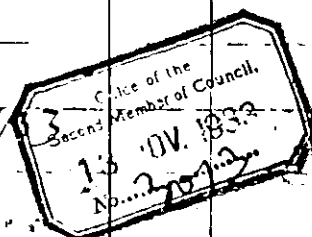
Typing Section

Typed dft sub? for app?

ISD
11/11

11 Member

me
11/11



J/O

14/11

Issue today
1000
14/11

No. 10069
33-84
8, 8. 11 33

GENERAL SECRETARY
6/11
9 NOV. 1933
No *for*

1722 11

Serial
No.

10,

The Dt. Mag^{te} Blue
no. 2212 dated 16.11.33 informing that
the Presidency Mag^{te} of Bombay has no
right to claim the money asked to be
forfeited, and it has after recovery to be
credited to new Govt.

B
20/11/33

15049321
p8321

In all future communications
please quote
No. J1-190/32-33.
Enc.
Tel. Address.—“DEPCOM”
Post Box No. 34.

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE,
BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Dated, Bangalore, the 5th September 1932.

Law 33-32-1

FROM

K. V. Anantaraman, Esq., B.A.,
District Magistrate,
Bangalore District.

CHIEF SECRETARY
P. M. H.
9 SEP. 1932

To

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary,
to the Government of Mysore.
Bangalore.

SIR,

Subject:—Forfeiture of the bonds executed by the sureties of one Bhaskara Sastry and the question of payment of the amount to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

I have the honor to state that one Bhaskarasastri, accused under Section 420 of I.P.C. before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay was arrested at the instance of the latter in Bangalore City. He was released on furnishing bail for Rs. 6000/- and 2 sureties for Rs. 3000/- each before the City Magistrate, Bangalore. The bail bonds were sent to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay. As the said Bhaskarasastri did not appear before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, a warrant of arrest and a notice for service on the surety Suryanaranappa (the notice on the other surety Mr. Cheluva Iyengar having already been served) were received.

A telegram was subsequently received from the Chief Presidency Magistrate by the City Magistrate, Bangalore to forfeit the bonds of the two sureties.

This was also confirmed in letter dated 10-4-1931 from the Chief Presidency Magistrate who wrote that the City Magistrate had to forfeit the bonds as the sureties had bound to the Mysore Government and that the amount should be sent to his court.

Thereupon the City Magistrate, Bangalore in his letter No. 1233, dated 15-4-1931 solicited my orders on two points:--

- 1: whether we can take action to forfeit the bonds when the court is not seized of any offence before it;
- 2: whether the amounts may be sent to the court at Bombay when the sureties have bound themselves to the Mysore Government

Done
mp
9.9

2

I issued him instructions that he may forfeit the surety bonds and that the question of paying the money would be considered later.

The City Magistrate, Bangalore on 5-5-1932 ordered that one of the sureties Suryanaranappa had to pay the full amount of the bond.

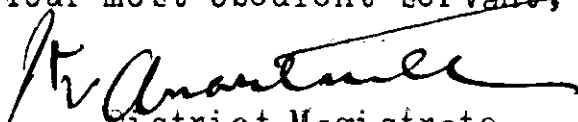
The case came on before me for appeal under Section 515, Criminal Procedure Code. I set aside the order as there were certain defects in the procedure and ordered fresh enquiry into the case on 17-8-1932.

The question of forfeiting the bonds of the two sureties is before the City Magistrate, Bangalore and the claim of the Bombay Chief Presidency Magistrate has to be decided.

I request you to kindly inform me whether the amount has to be sent to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay or not. The sureties have bound themselves to the Mysore Government.

A copy of letter No.1233 dated 15-4-1931 from the City Magistrate, Bangalore and a copy of my judgment dated 17-8-32 in Criminal Mis.App.1/31-32 are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,


District Magistrate,
Bangalore District.
282

SS/6-9-32.

Letter No.1233 dated 15-4-1931 from the City Magistrate, Bangalore, to the District Magistrate, Bangalore District.

Subject:--Forfeiture of the bonds executed by the sureties of Bhaskar Sastry.

At the instance of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, one Bhaskar Sastry, accused of an offence under Section 420 I.P.C. before that court was arrested here in Bangalore City. Later as per telegram dated the 8th July 1930 the said accused was released on furnishing of bail of rupees six thousand and two sureties for rupees three thousand each (vide bond executed before the City Magistrate, dated 10-7-30). The bail bond was sent to the Chief Presidency Magistrate by Registered post in this office letter No.824, dated 23-2-31 as requested in his letter No.123 dated 17th February 1931. As the said Bhaskar Sastry did not appear before that court the Chief Presidency Magistrate in his letter No.1550, dated 12th March 1931 sent a warrant for his arrest and a notice for service on his surety Suryanarayanappa, ~~to~~ the notice on the other surety Cheluva Iyengar having been already served. This was followed by a telegram dated 31st March 1931 in which the said Magistrate requested this court to forfeit the bail bonds of the two sureties.

As the letter and the telegram appeared to contradict each other the position was explained to the Magistrate in this office letter No.1167, dated 4-4-31. Subsequently on 6-4-31 in this Office letter No.1181 dated 6-4-31 the warrant was returned unexecuted as the Superintendent of Police, Bangalore, reported that the said Bhaskar Sastry was living in Coimbatore. In his letter No.2163 dated 10th April 1931, the said Magistrate has returned the bail bond stating that he cannot take action as the sureties have bound themselves to the Mysore Government and that steps may therefore be taken to forfeit them, ~~by~~ the amount being sent to ^{his} ~~the~~ court. He has not answered the doubt raised in this court's letter to which his letter is a reply.

In this connection two points arise for consideration;

firstly, whether this court can take action here to forfeit the bonds when it is not seized of any offence before it and secondly, if any such action can be rightly taken under the law whether the amounts are to be sent to that court at Bombay, when the sureties have bound themselves to this Government. I solicit the favour of early instructions in the matter. The Chief Presidency Magistrate has been informed this day that the papers have been submitted to you for instructions and that the action taken will be intimated to him in due course. The entire file of papers with pherist is also herewith submitted for perusal.

"Copy"



For District Magistrate,
Bangalore District.

JS

SS/6-9-32.

In the Court of the District Magistrate,

Bangalore District, Bangalore.

Dated the 17th day of August 1932.

Present - K.V. Anantaraman, Esquire, B.A.,

District Magistrate.

Criminal Miscellaneous Appeal No. 1 of 1931-32.

Appellant.

Respondent.

Subbarayana Sastry Vs. Government.

Appeal under Section 515 of Criminal Procedure Code, against the order of the City Magistrate, Bangalore in Criminal Miscellaneous Case No. 100 of 1931-32, ordering that the appellant should pay the full amount mentioned in the order on the following grounds:-

1) That the City Magistrate acted in order of the payment of the full amount under which bond without specifying judicially that the bond of the appellant (surety bond) has been forfeited.

2) That the lower court's order is without jurisdiction and ultra vires, in that as much as the bond was given by the appellant declaring himself and another gentleman Mr. Cheluva Sastry, themselves as sureties for and it shall be ascertained that he (accused) shall attend before the City Magistrate, Bangalore on 16-7-1932, and shall be present at the hearing of the case and whenever called upon for answer for the charge on which he has been apprehended and shall conform so to attend until otherwise directed by the said Court.

3) That the order of the lower Court is against law and is liable to be set aside.

Judgment.

Heard the appellant's counsel and the prosecution; Inspector for the respondent.

1. The order of the lower Court is set aside on two grounds 1) that there is no definite and clear judicial finding on the fact that the bond had been forfeited and 2) that the lower court had no authority to act in the matter.

3. On the going, through the records of the case I find that the City Magistrate has acted in a summary manner, without fully

fully or adequately conforming to the requirements of Section 514 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The notice to the appellant to show cause why his bond should not be forfeited is carelessly made up. The bond was for the appearance of Narayana Sastri before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay and not before the City Magistrate as the notice shows. The City Magistrate has not recorded the grounds for his decision that the appellant had forfeited his bond. The order and summary passed by him on the 15th inst. are too brief to adequately comply with the requirements of law. The party appearing; the bond appears to show cause, there may be a preliminary enquiry (25.1.1932) and the order passed by the City Magistrate to the effect that the records should be sent back to him for a fresh enquiry is wholly in conflict with law.

In Open Court.

Sd/- K.V. [Signature]
District Magistrate,
Bangalore District.

20-2-32

" C O P Y "

[Signature]

For District Magistrate,
Bangalore District.
[Signature]

7
No 1869/Law 33-32-2.

24th September 1932.

K.V. Anantaraman, Esquire, B.A.,
Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

With reference to your letter No. J.1-190/32-33 dated the 5th September 1932 re- forfeiture of the bonds executed by the sureties of one Bhasker Sastry and the question of payment of the amount to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, I am directed to request that the connected records may kindly be sent for reference after the disposal of the case by the City Magistrate, Bangalore. So far as can be judged from the facts reported, I am to state that the money can be credited only to the Mysore Government and need not be sent to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

The question however will be further examined after the receipt of the records called for.

I have the honor to be,
S i r ,
r most obedient servant,

roy

J. General Secretary to Government.

P.H.

150

Appendix F G—1]

SUBJECT

Section *Law*
File No. *33-32*
Serial No. *2*

Diary No. of letter replied to

No *P. 1819*

To

The Dy. Magistrate Bangalore

Sir,

General and Revenue Secretariat

()
the 193

Date of issue

26/9/32

Signed by

M. N. R. J. Rao

List of enclosures

Copied by

Examined by

With reference to
your letter no. 81-190/32-33 dated
5th sept 1932 re: forfeiture of the
bonds issued by me. Swetic
of one Bhaskar Satya and the
question of payment of the
amount to the City Magistrate
Bangalore. I am directed
to request that the connected
records may kindly be sent for
reference after the disposal of the
case by the City Magistrate Bangalore.
So far as can be judged from
the facts reported I am to state
that the money can be credited only

9
to the House for and need not
be sent to the Chief Presidency
Inspector Bainton.

The question however will
be further examined after the
receipt of the records called for

I have etc
M. J. C. / 9
for Gen Secy

150
24/5

No P 2761
Law 33-32-3

LO

15th November 1932.

16

The

The District Magistrate,

Bangalore District, Bangalore.

In continuation of this office letter No.P.1819, dated 26th September 1932 regarding forfeiture of the bon executed by the Sureties of one Bhaskara Setty and the question of payment of the amounts to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, I am directed to enquire whether the case before the City Magistrate, Bangalore, is disposed of; if so the concerned records called for together with a copy of the Surety bond which is sought to be now enforced by the Magistrate may kindly be sent for orders of Government regarding the question of Surety, *may*

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Agg/2

U
for General Secretary to Government.

RD

SUBJECT

Section *Law*File No. *33-32*Serial No. *3*

Diary No. of letter replied to

No

p - 2761/-

To

*The District Magistrate**B'lore*

General and Revenue Secretariat

()

the

193

*For**In Continuation of*

Date of issue

16/4/32

Signed by

*M. S. Dyer**This office letter no. P. 1819 dated**26th Sept 1932 re: forfeiture of the**bond executed by the Sureties of**One Bhaskar Sethy and the question**of payment of the amount to**the Chief Presidency Magistrate. I**am directed to enquire whether**the case before the City Magistrate**B'lore is disposed of if so the**connected records called for together**with a copy of the Surety bond**which is sought to be now enforced by**the Magistrate may kindly be sent**for order of Court re: the question of surety*

List of enclosures

Copied by

15/4

Examined by

In all future communications
please quote
No. J1.190/32-33.
Enc. 2 files of records.

Tel. Address.—“DEPCOM”
Post Box No. 34.

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE,
BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Dated, Bangalore, the 25th September.....1933

Law 33-32-4

FROM

K.V. Anantaraman, Esq., B.A.,
District Magistrate,
Bangalore District.

To

H.V. Ramaswami, Esq., M.A., B.L.,
General Secretary,
to the Government of Mysore.
B a n g a l o r e.

1 - OCT. 1933

SIR,

Subject:—

1/10/33
In continuation of this office D.O. letter No. J1.190/32-33 dated 12-7-33
re: the expedited disposal of the case, C.Mis.No.33 of 1932-33 on the file of
the City Magistrate, Bangalore in connection with the forfeiture of the bonds
executed by the sureties of Bhaskarashastry, I have the honour to state that it is
reported by the City Magistrate, Bangalore that the case has been disposed of on
the 4th instant directing that the 1st surety Mr. Chaluwa Iyengar should pay Rs.200/-
and that the 2nd surety Mr. Suryanarayanappa should pay Rs.500/-.

The connected two files of records relating to Criminal Miscellaneous 33/
32-33 and 100/30-31 on the file of the City Magistrate - Bangalore - together with
the surety bond in original (Flag A) of the file in Criminal Miscellaneous Case No.
100/30-31 are also enclosed, as called for.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

S. K. Ram

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE
FOR BANGALORE DISTRICT.
(Absent from Station)

SVS.

No 2212. Law 33-32 To S
 Sme. Record
 By 14/11/33

The District Magistrate,
 Bangalore District.

S i r,

Signed by Mr. N. R. J.

In returning herewith the entire file of records in Mis.33/32-33 on the file of the City Magistrate, Bangalore, sent with your letter No.J1.190/32-33 dated 25th September 1933, in connection with the request made by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, to remit the amount due under ^{the} bail bonds executed by the sureties of one Bhas-karasastrri, I am directed to state that since the sureties have under the bond bound themselves to forfeit the money only to the Government of Mysore and the City Magistrate has passed orders accordingly, the Presidency Magistrate of Bombay has no right to claim the money ordered to be forfeited. It has after recovery, to be credited to our Government.

I have etc.

DRAFT) one
 for Gen: Secy to Govt.
 TSD